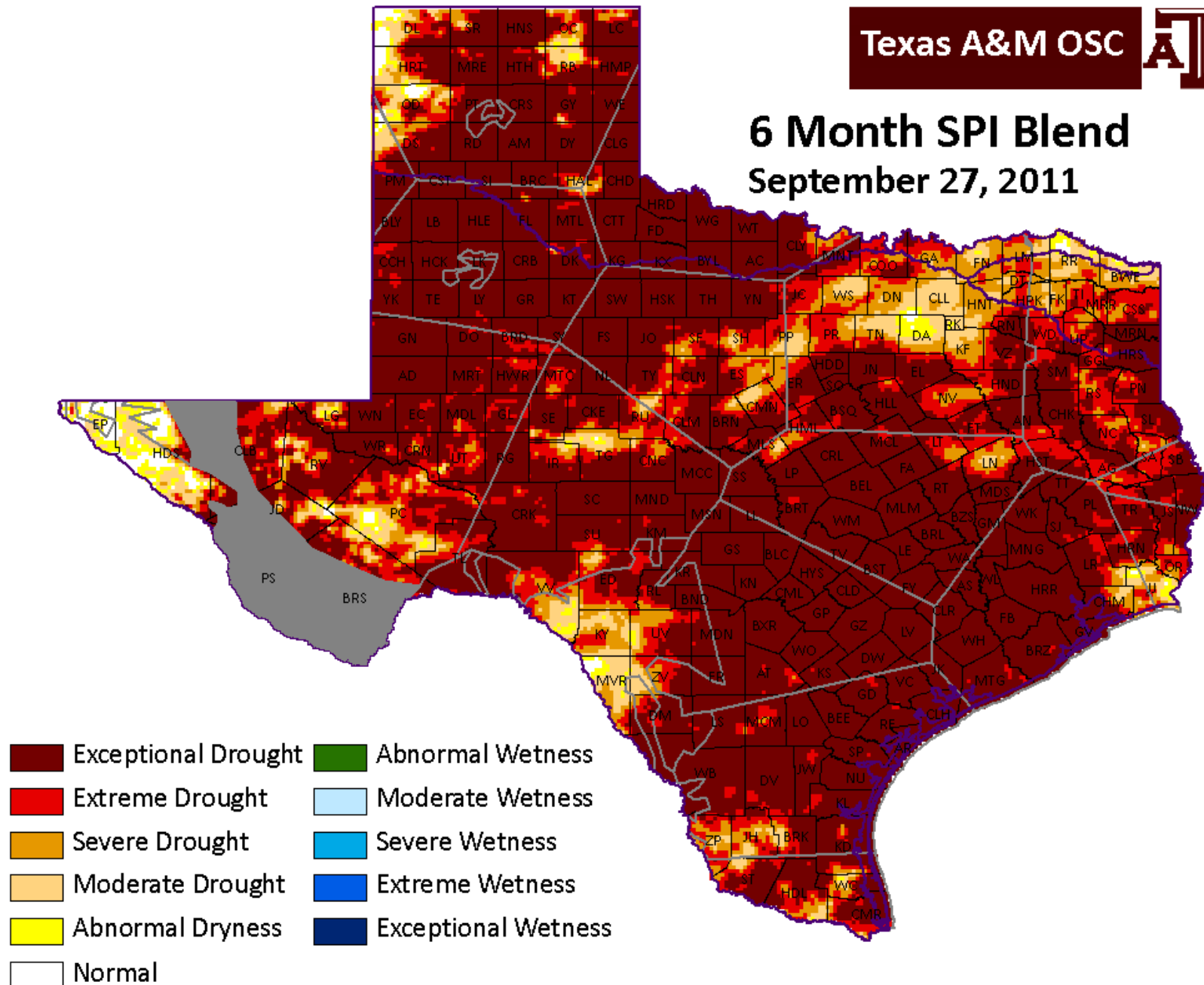


# Extreme Climate in Texas

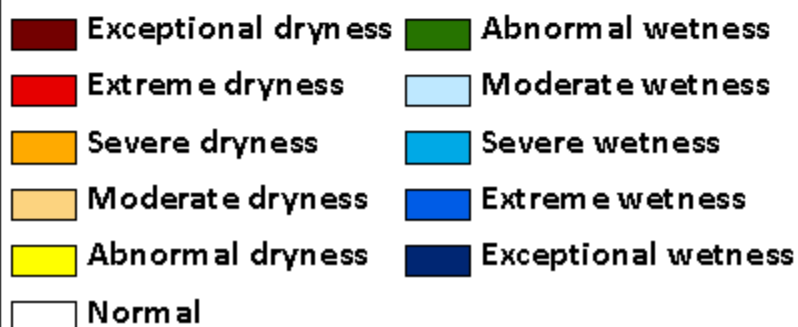
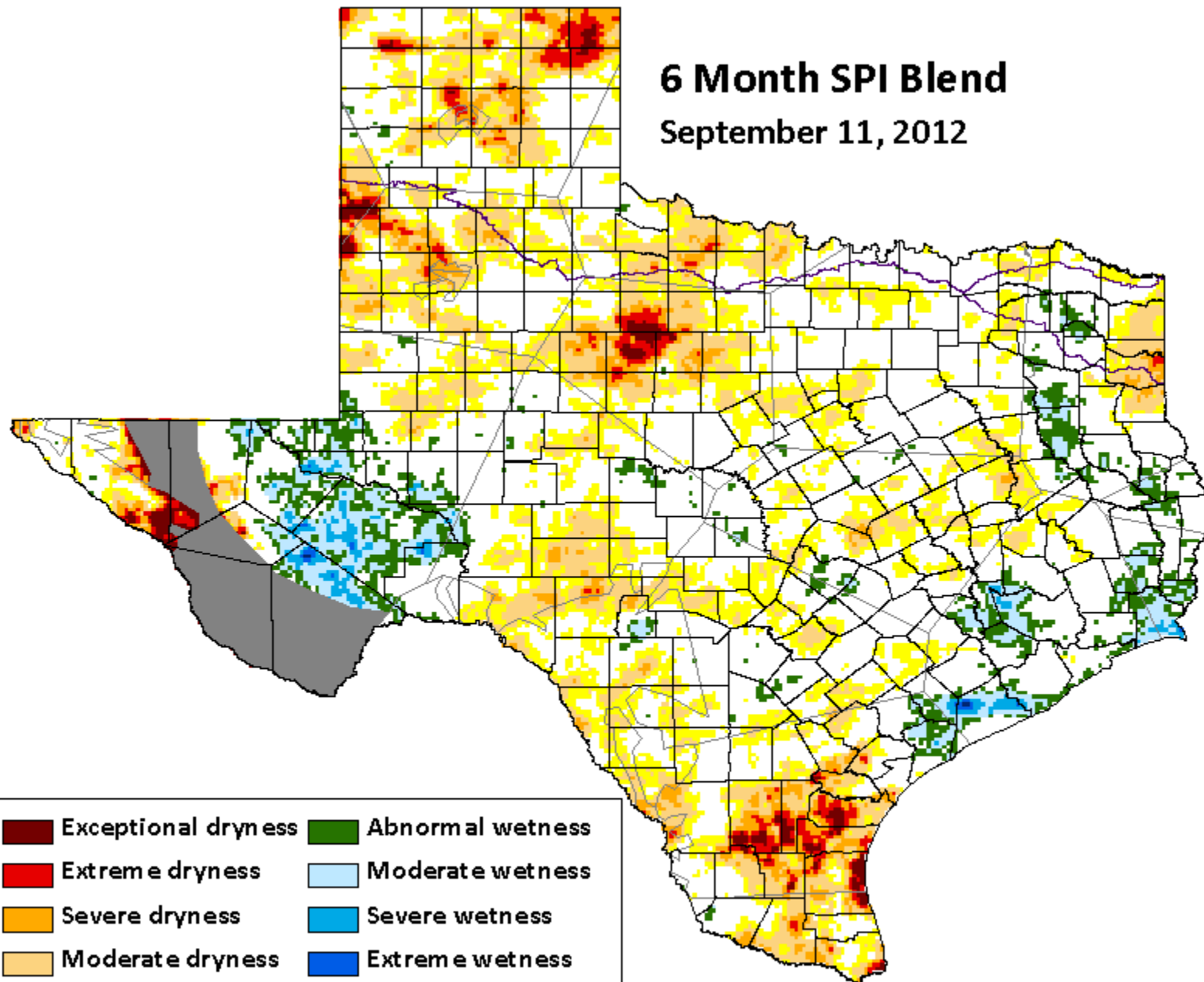
John W. Nielsen-Gammon  
Texas State Climatologist  
Texas A&M University  
[n-g@tamu.edu](mailto:n-g@tamu.edu)

## 6 Month SPI Blend September 27, 2011



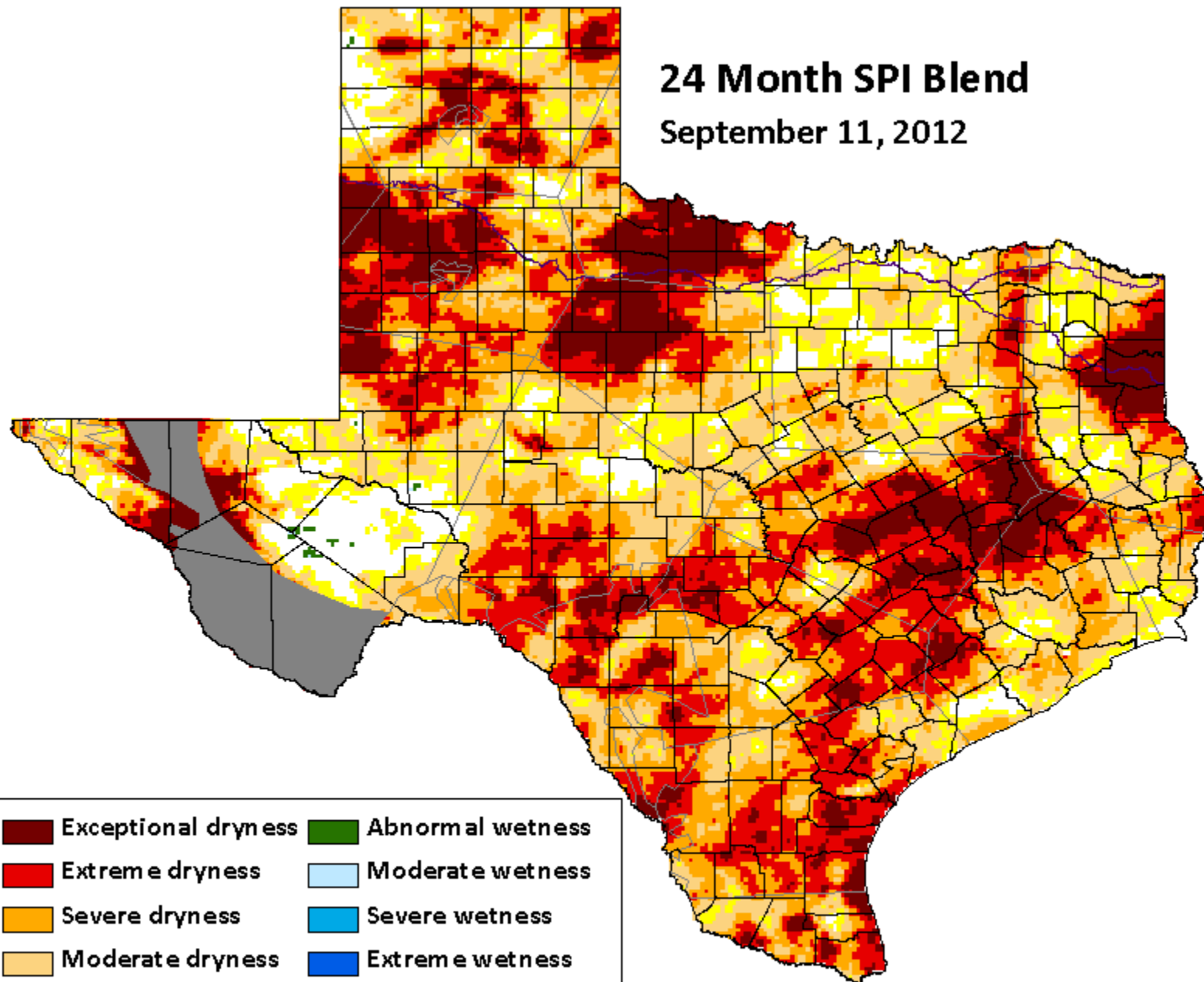
## 6 Month SPI Blend

September 11, 2012

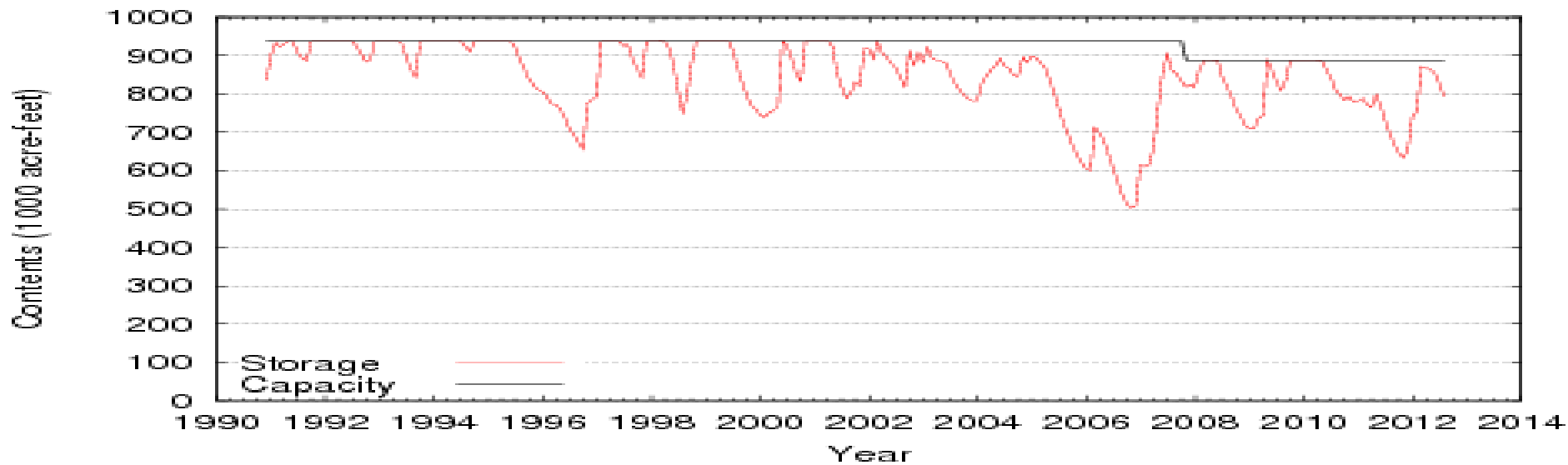


## 24 Month SPI Blend

September 11, 2012

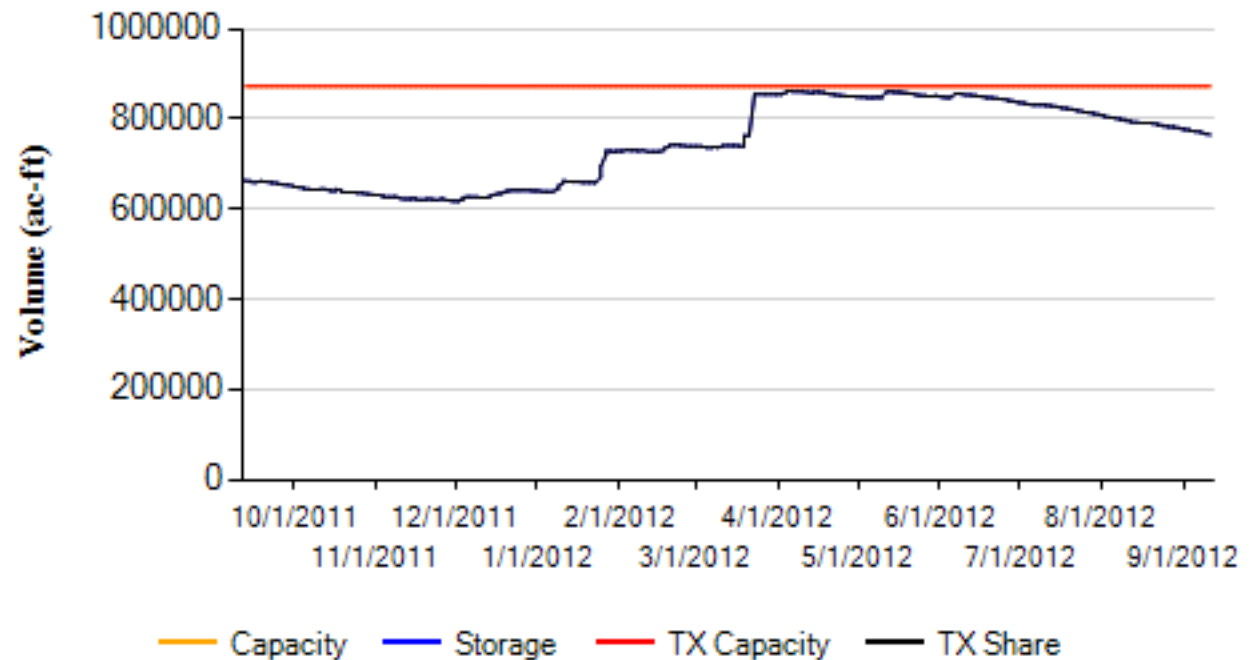


Storage near end of Aug, 2012: 0.792 Million acre-ft (89%)  
Conservation Capacity: 0.888 Million acre-ft

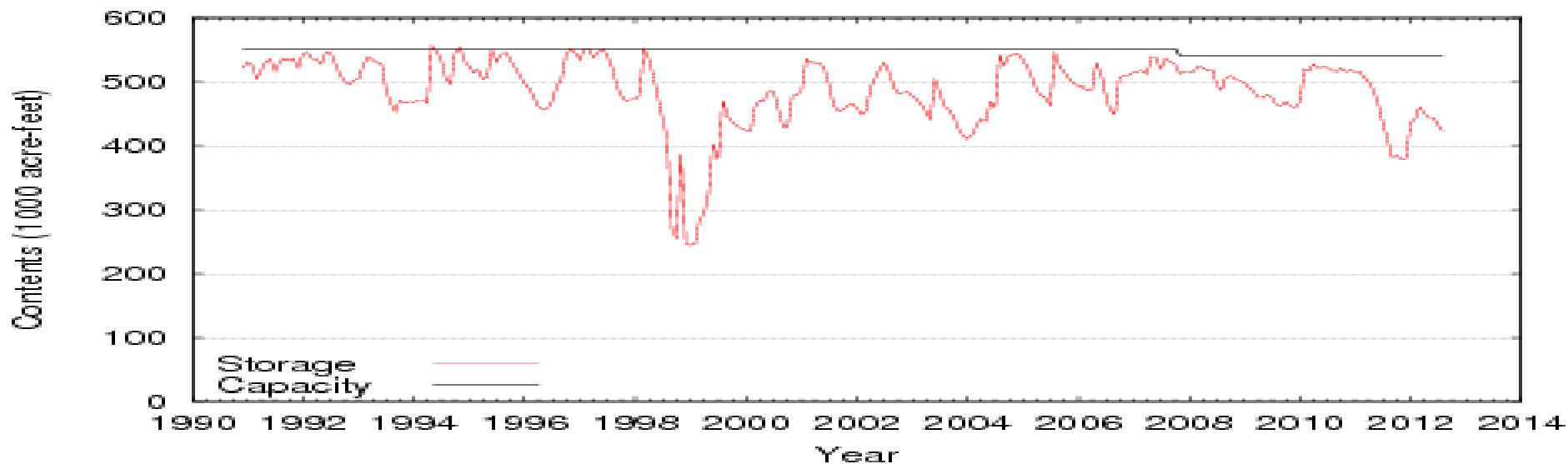


**Quick  
Recovery**

Conservation Storage for Tawakoni, Lake

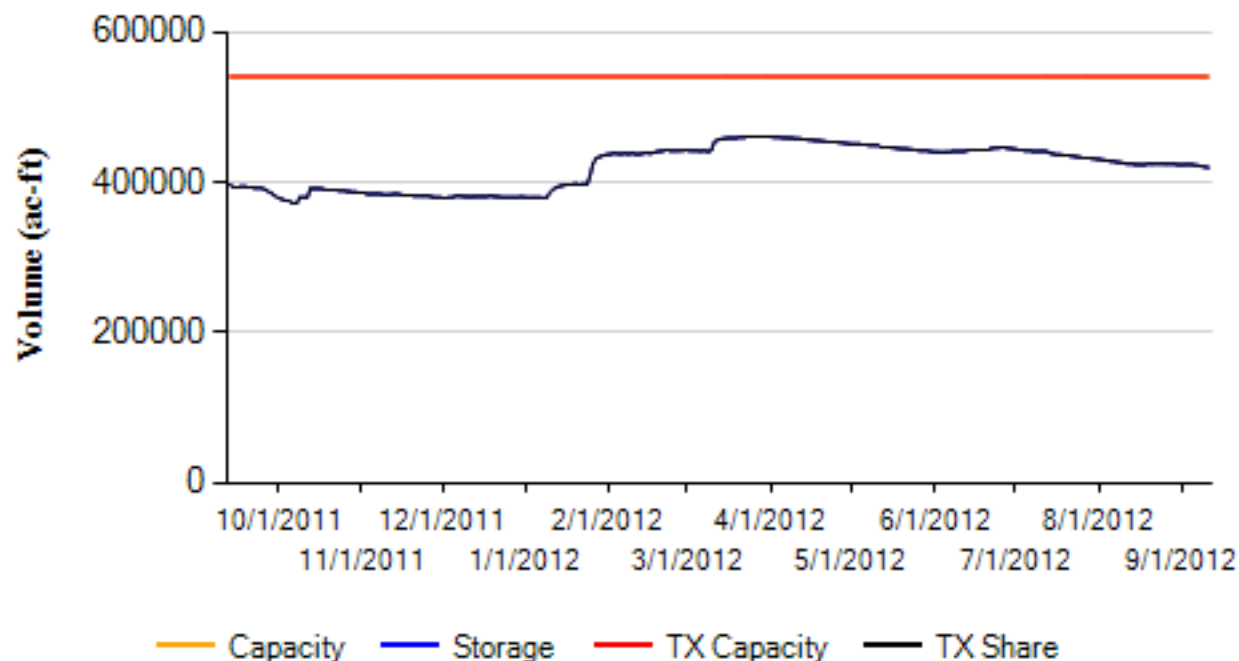


Storage near end of Aug, 2012: 0.423 Million acre-ft (78%)  
 Conservation Capacity: 0.540 Million acre-ft



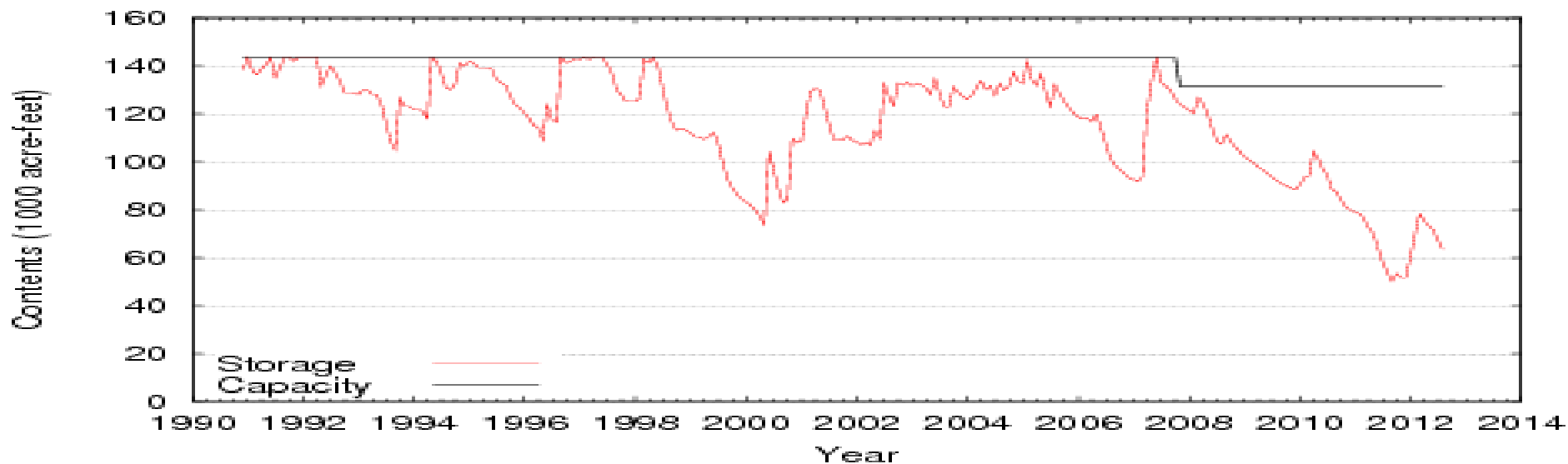
**Second  
Drought  
Year**

Conservation Storage for Possum Kingdom Lake

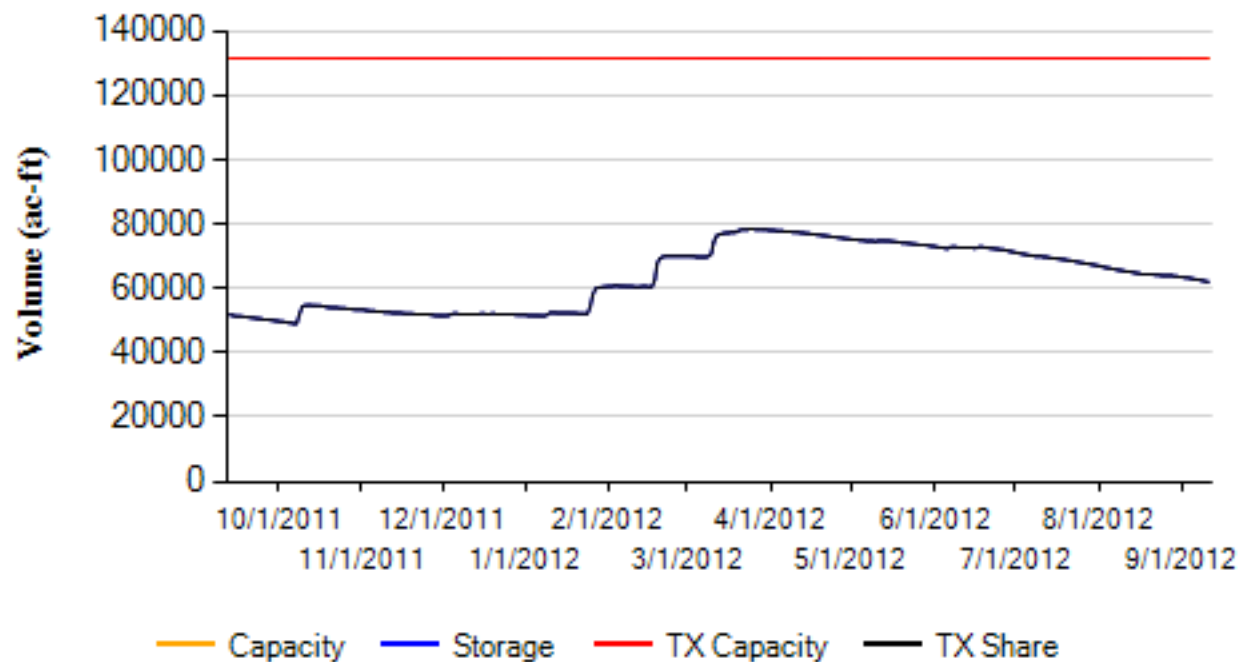




Storage near end of Aug, 2012: 0.064 Million acre-ft (48%)  
 Conservation Capacity: 0.131 Million acre-ft

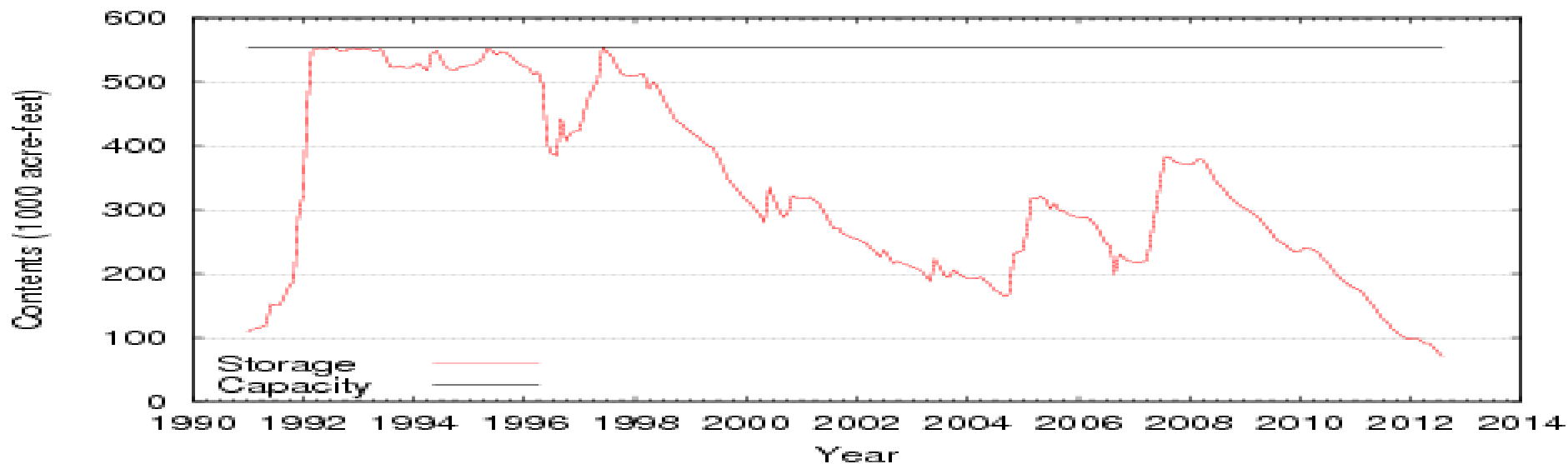


Conservation Storage for Brownwood, Lake



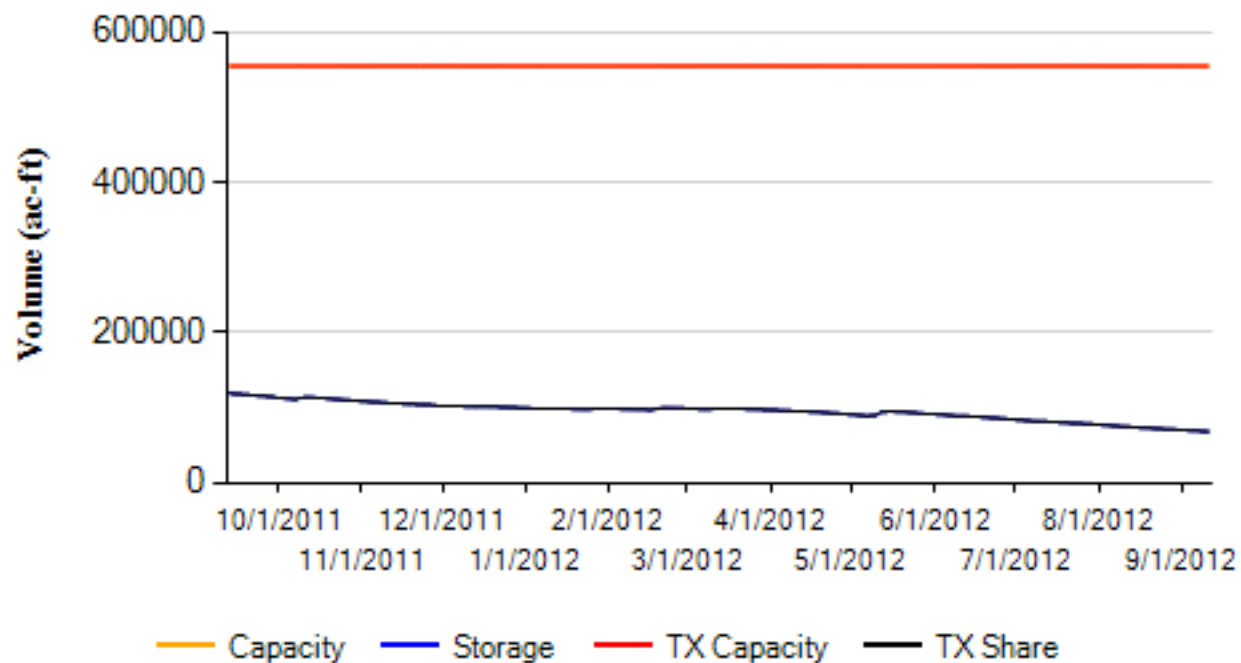
**Multi-Year Drought**

Storage near end of Aug, 2012: 0.071 Million acre-ft (13%)  
Conservation Capacity: 0.554 Million acre-ft



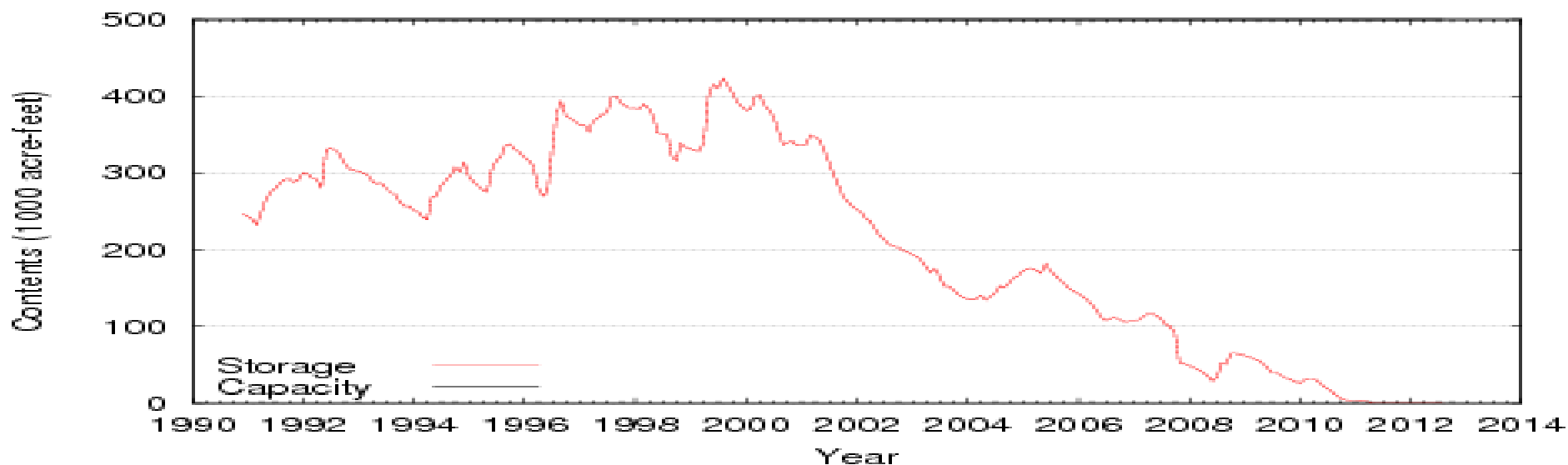
**Systemic  
Drought**

Conservation Storage for O H Ivie Reservoir

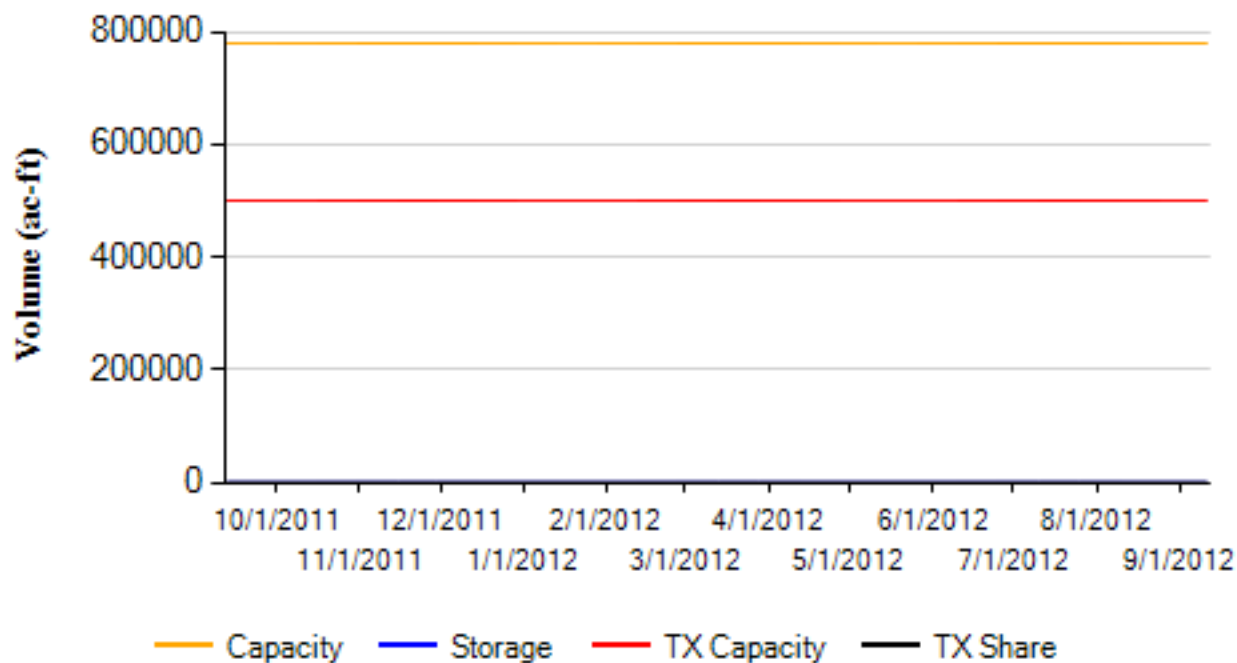




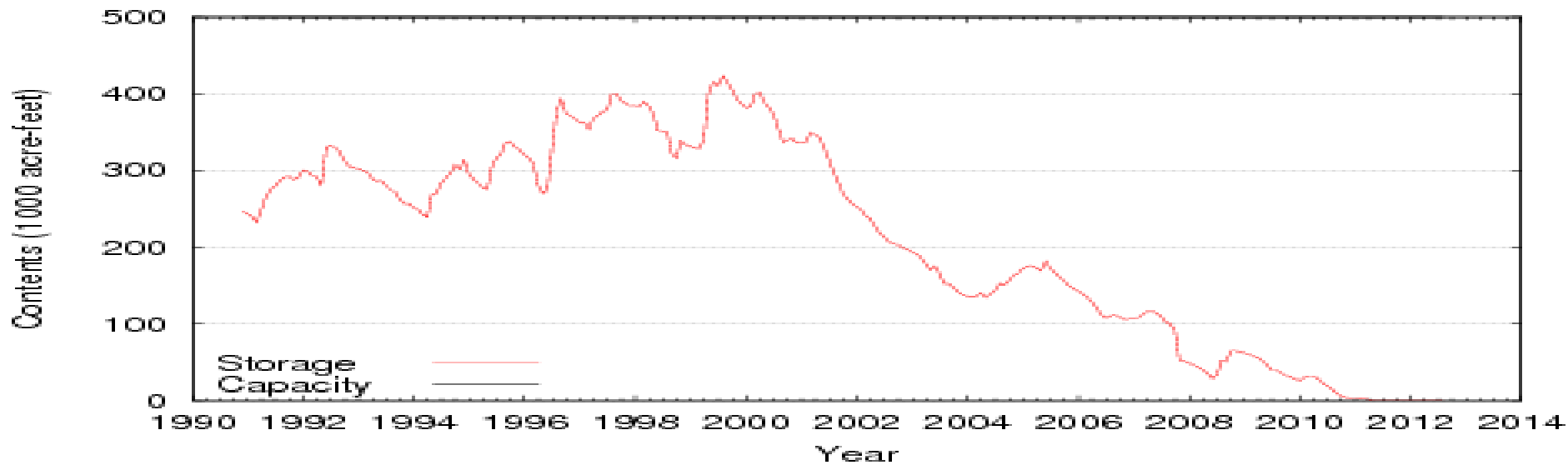
Storage near end of Aug. 2012: 0.000 Million acre-ft (0%)  
 Conservation Capacity: 0.500 Million acre-ft



### Conservation Storage for Meredith, Lake

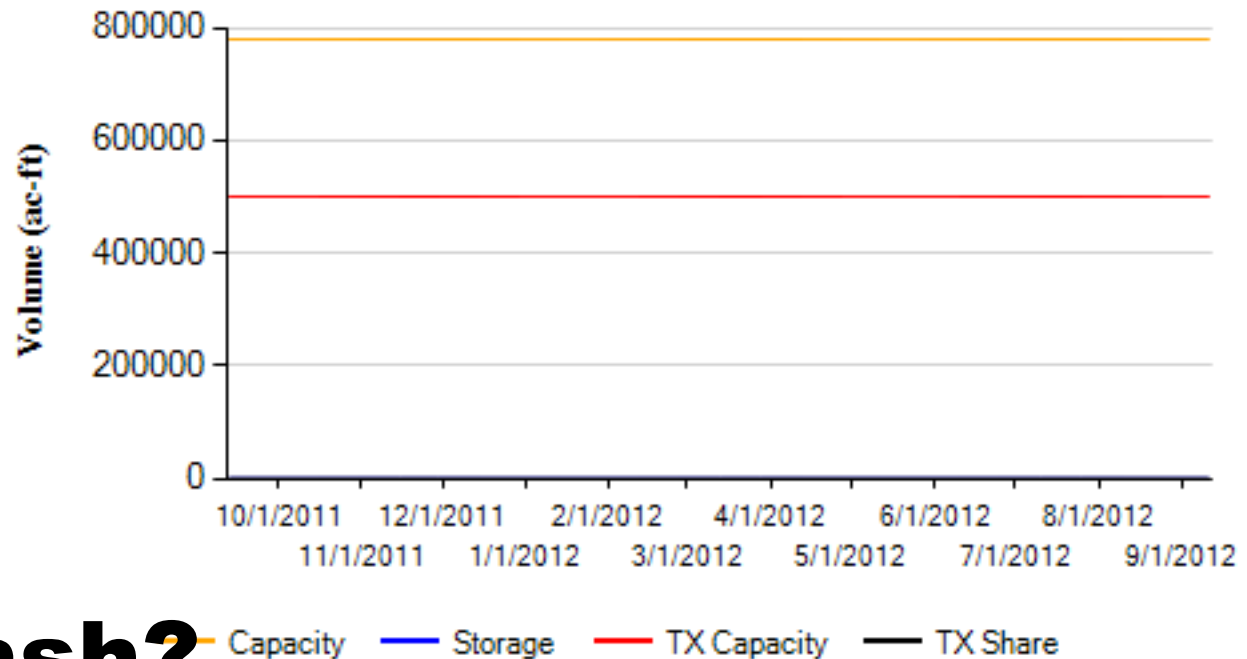


Storage near end of Aug. 2012: 0.000 Million acre-ft (0%)  
 Conservation Capacity: 0.500 Million acre-ft

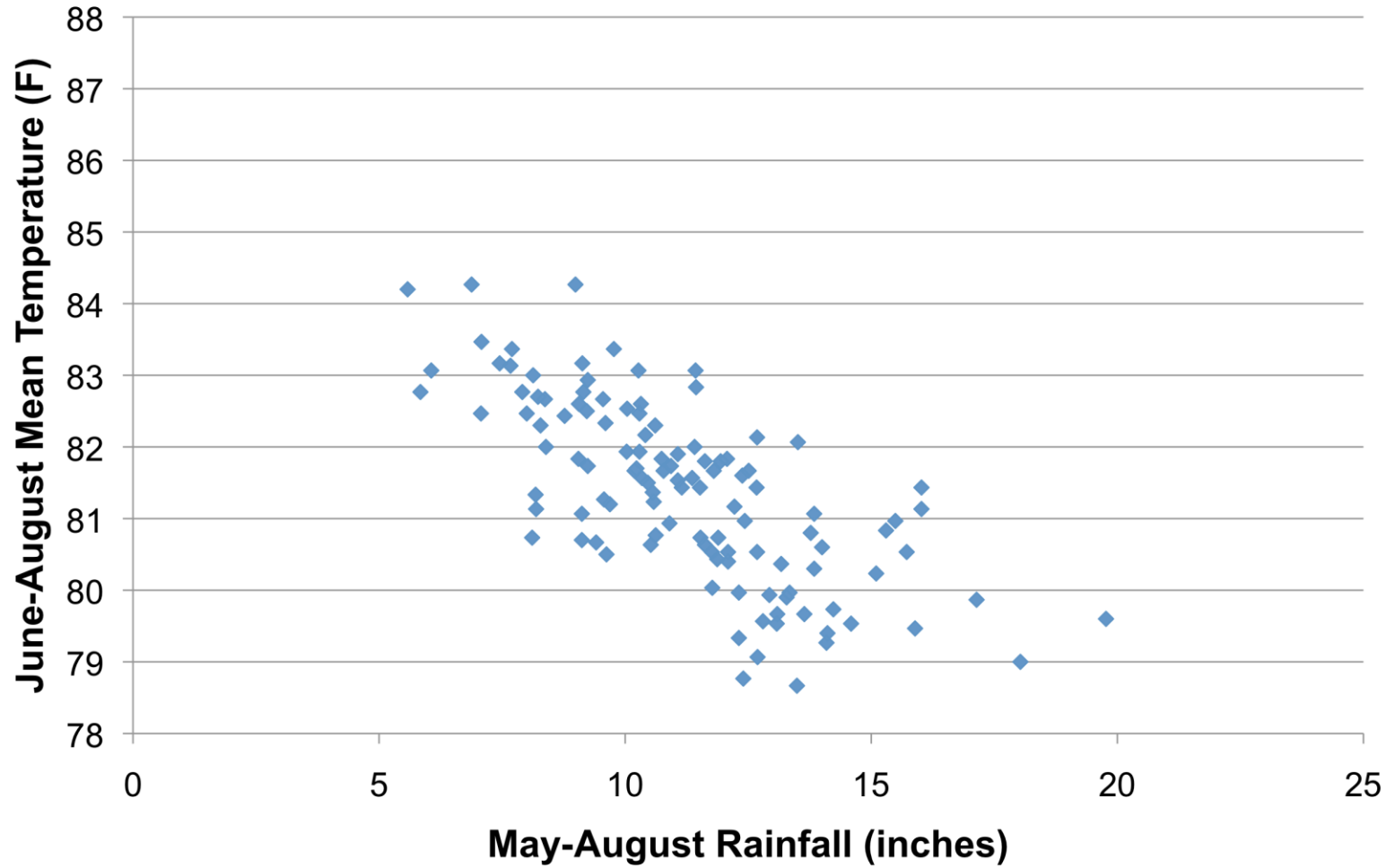


**What if a  
 raindrop  
 falls in a  
 reservoir  
 and it  
 doesn't  
 make a splash?**

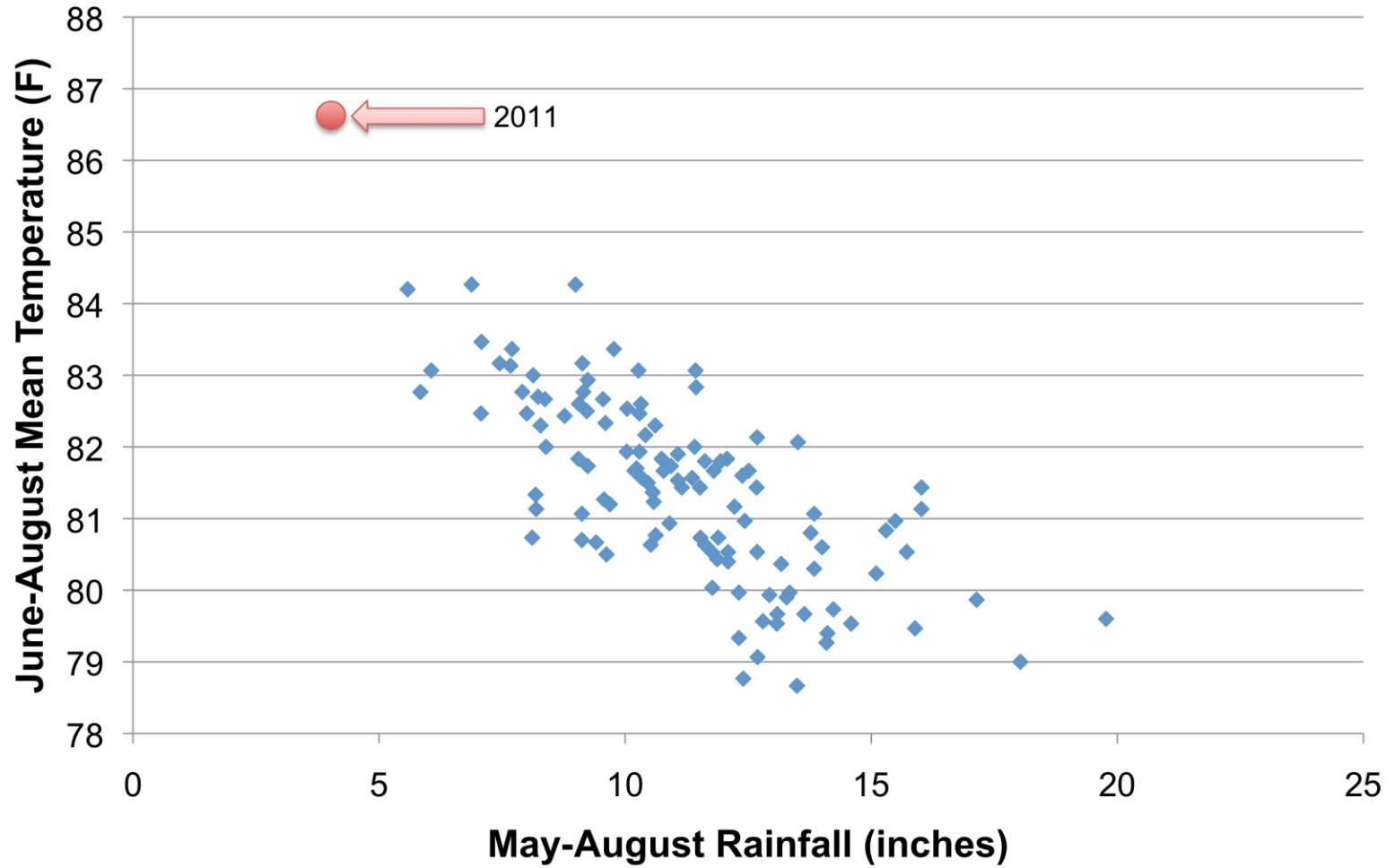
Conservation Storage for Meredith, Lake



**Texas Summertime Rainfall and Temperatures, 1895-2011**



## Texas Summertime Rainfall and Temperatures, 1895-2011

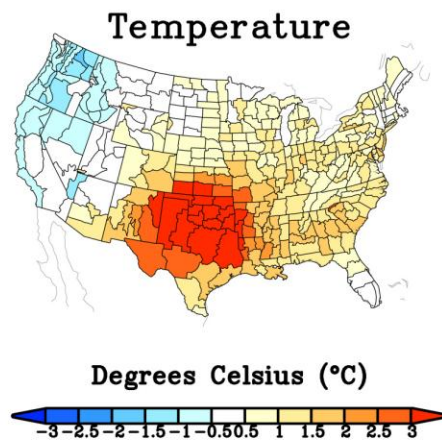
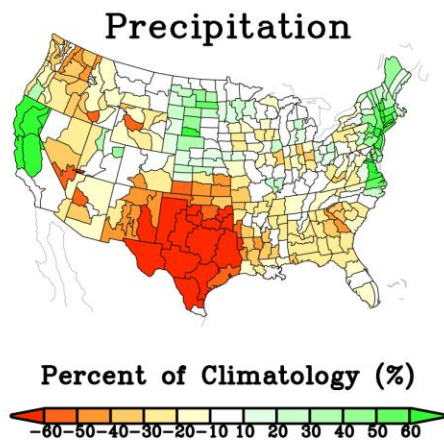


# Why the 2011 Heat Wave/Drought? New Science

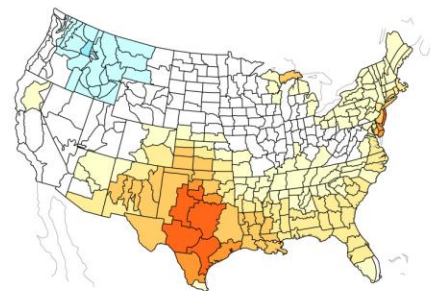
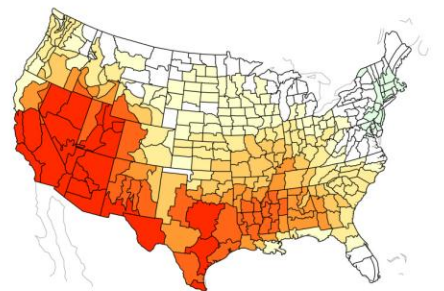
- Teamed up with NOAA's Earth System Research Laboratory and Climate Prediction Center
- Broke down the 2011 heat wave into its root causes
- Paper in peer review



OBS



AMIP



CMIP5



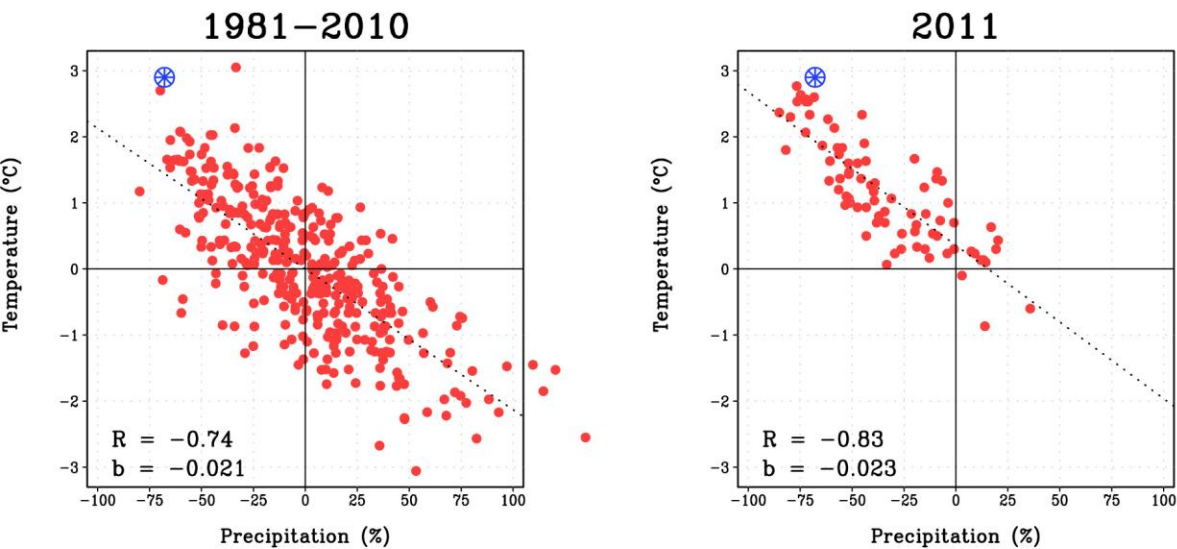
What really happened

Atmosphere-only model, observed sea surface temperatures

Atmosphere-Ocean model, observed climate forcings

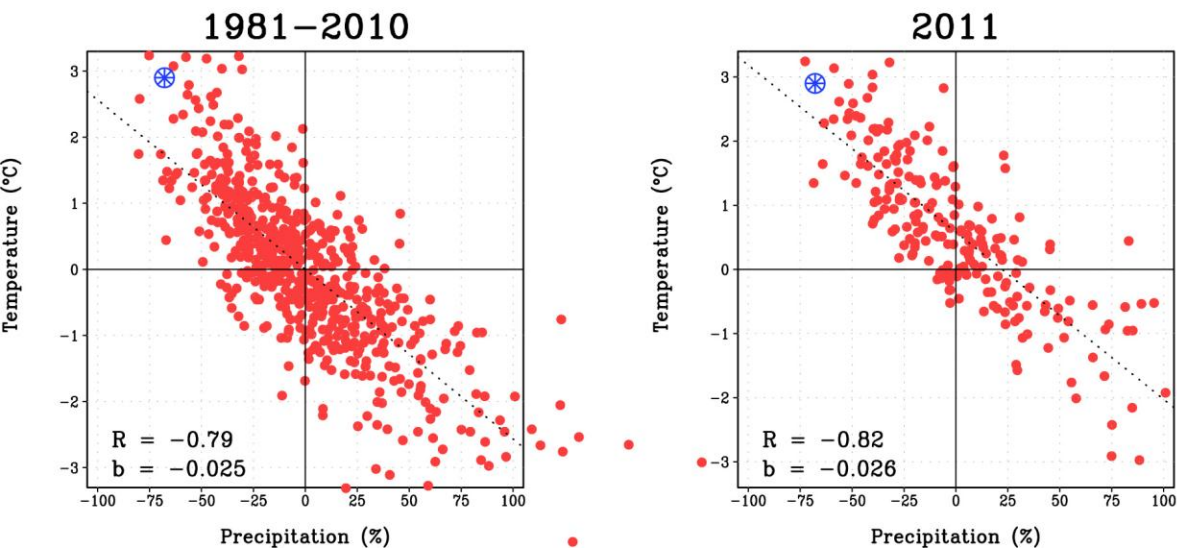
# AMIP

## Summer Tmp vs. Summer Pcpn



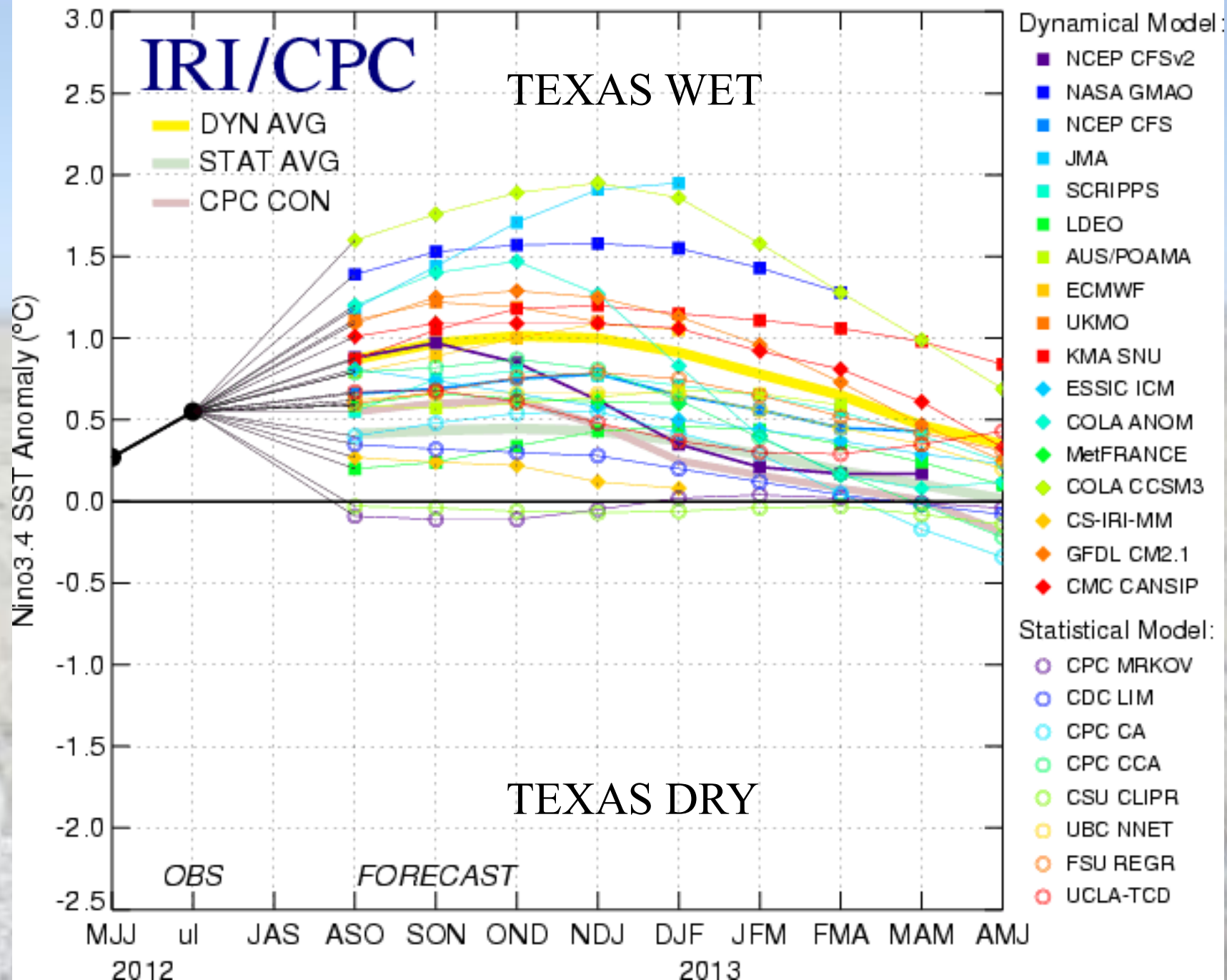
# CMIP5

## Summer Tmp vs. Summer Pcpn



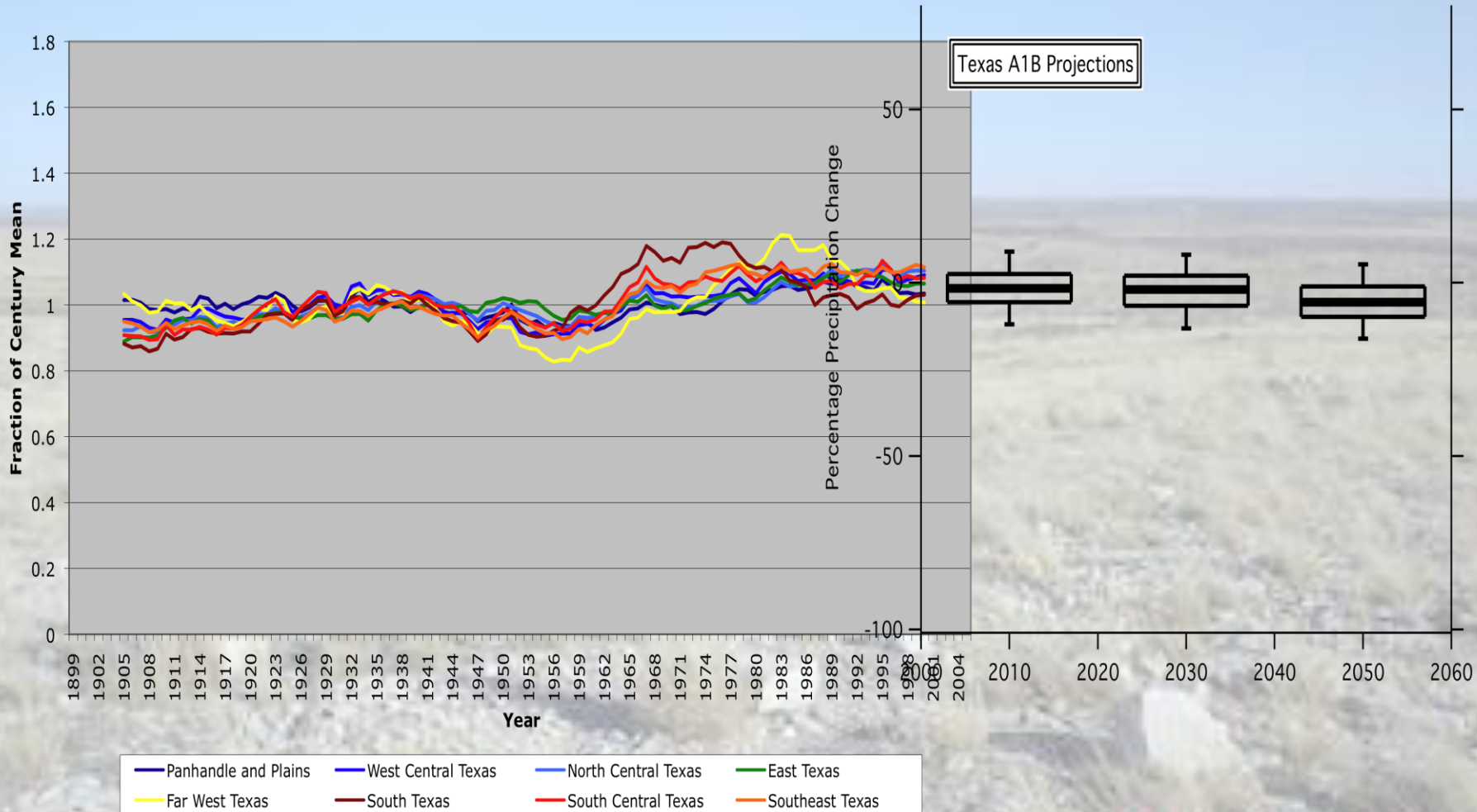


# Mid-Aug 2012 Plume of Model ENSO Predictions



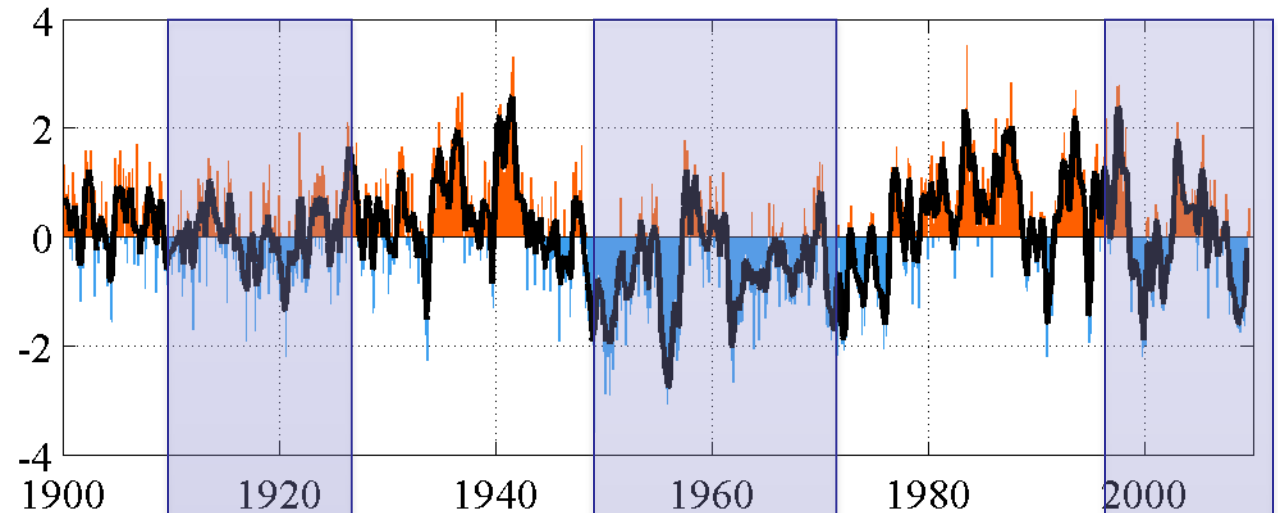
# Texas Precipitation: History and Projections

## 20-yr Smoothed Texas Precipitation

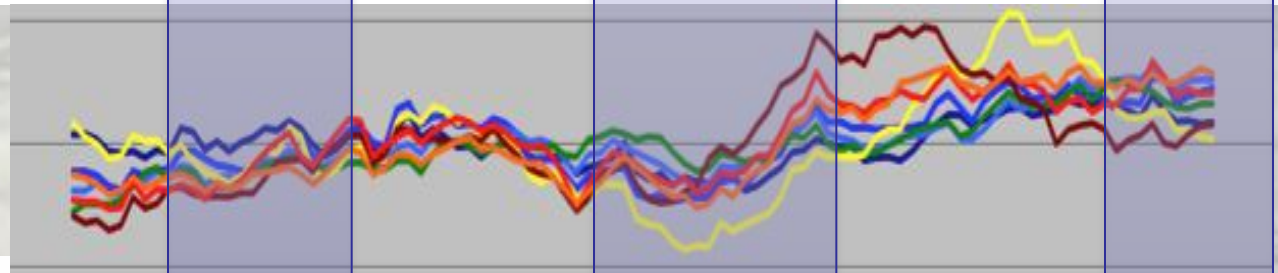


monthly values for the PDO index: 1900-September 2009

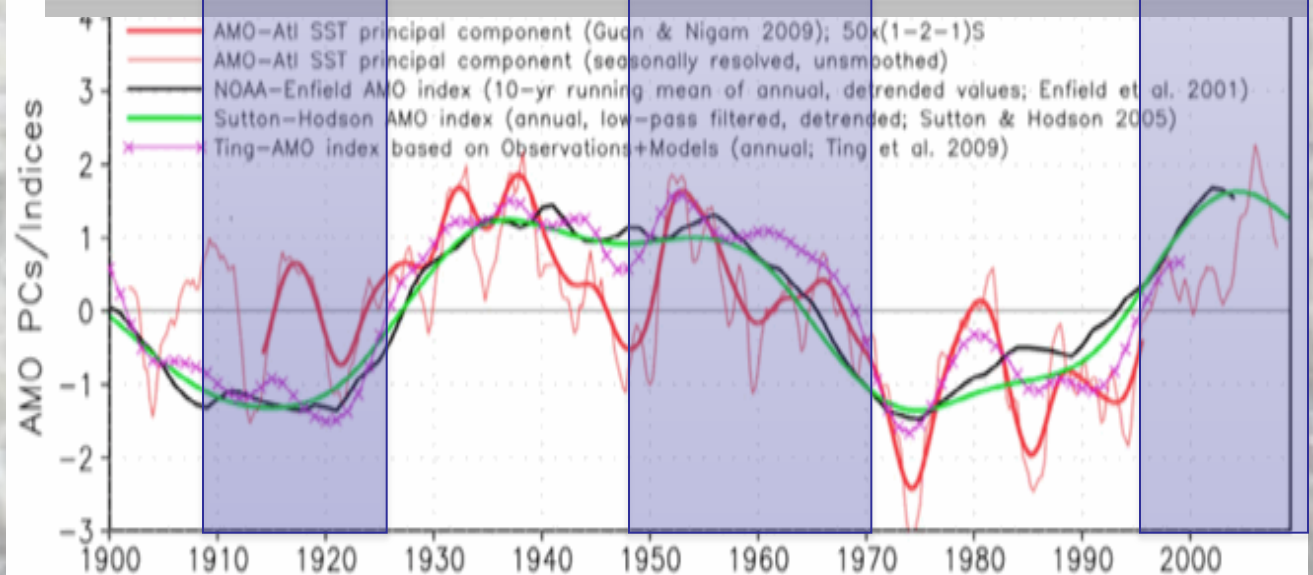
Pacific



Texas



Atlantic



# Texas Temperatures: History and Projections

Time →

1900

1940

1980

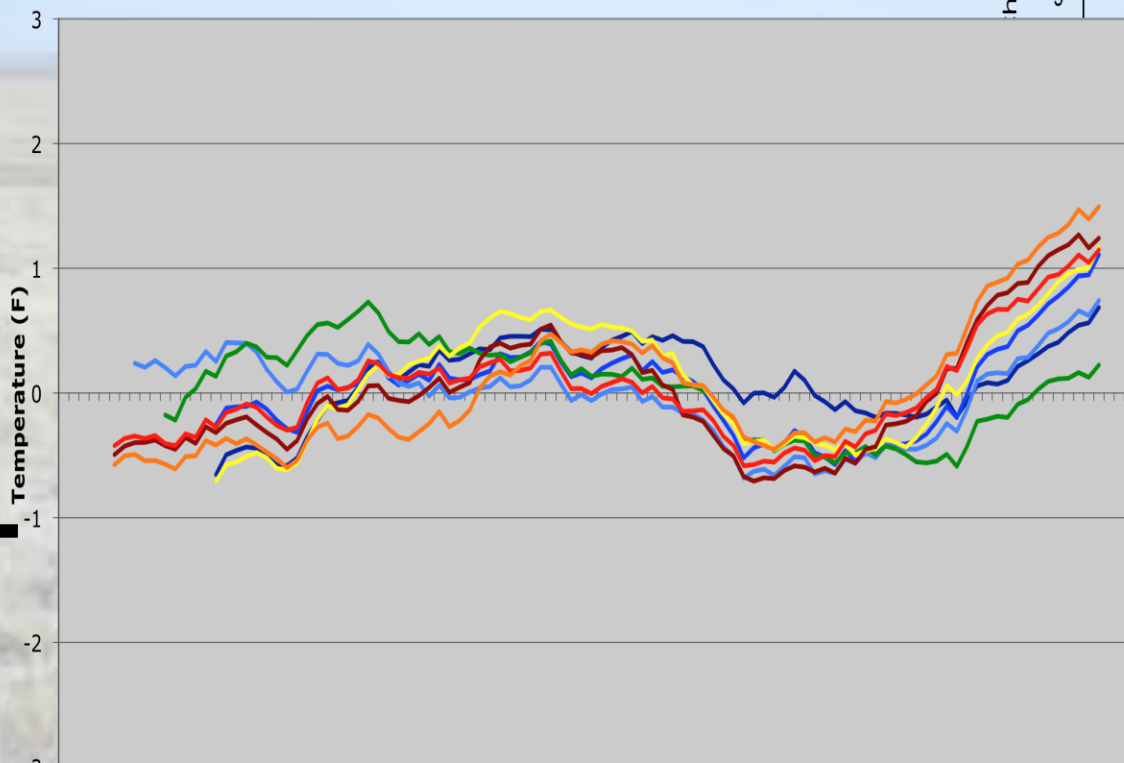
Annual Mean Temperature

Change (F)

2020

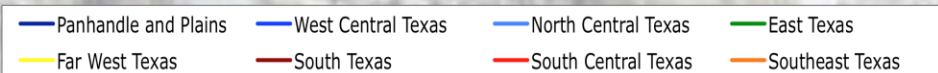
2060

Temperature ↑



Texas A1B Projections

2010 2020 2030 2040 2050 2060





# Drought Outlook

- Switch to El Niño
  - Drought likely to shrink considerably this winter
  - Time to cross fingers
- Long-term patterns in Pacific and Atlantic still favor drought

# Drought and Climate Change

- Precipitation changes: unknown
- El Niño changes: unknown
- Temperatures will become warmer
  - More evaporation, more water demand, less streamflow
  - The same amount of water won't go as far as it used to, and won't cool as effectively

# Other Extreme Climate

- Tornadoes, Hail: unknown
- Hurricanes: Fewer, some stronger?
- Sea level: Subsidence + sea level rise
- Floods: More intense heavy rain, but...
- Sun, Wind: Relatively small changes



# Contact Information

- John W. Nielsen-Gammon
- [n-g@tamu.edu](mailto:n-g@tamu.edu)
- 979-862-2248
- <http://climatexas.tamu.edu>
- <http://blog.chron.com/climateabyss>